

Code: SC 2/3

Committee: Security Council

Topic: The Situation in Yemen

The Security Council,

Deeply concerned about the growing inflation in Yemen and the impact of an unstable economic situation on the peace and stability,

Reaffirming its full support for the Cabinet of Yemen, governing body of the internationally recognized Yemen government led by President Hadi, whose legitimacy has been recognized by the Security Council with resolution 2216 (2015),

Recalling the Human Rights Council resolution 36/31 (2017) that established the Group of Eminent International and Regional Experts on Yemen (GEE) and assigned the group to report human rights violations and provide recommendations related to the access to justice, accountability and reconciliation,

Recognizing the work of the Yemen Emergency Crisis Response Project implemented by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and furthermore the efforts of the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) whose work includes preventing famine in Yemen, curbing the flourishing of unofficial market flourishes and establishing Humanitarian Response Plans (HRP),

Appreciating the work of the Department for Peace Operations (DPO),
Further appreciating the progress of the Yemen Emergency Access Project (YEEAP) and the Yemen Integrated Urban Services Emergency Project (YIUSEP) supervised by UN Operational Services (UNOPS), providing and rebuilding basic infrastructure in Yemen, as well as electrifying important medical and educational facilities,

1. *Requests* UNOPS to establish an Yemen Expertise Panel (YEP) with three experts in the field of post-conflict development:
 - a. Providing expertise and best practices to the Yemeni government in the framework of a weekly virtual meeting with the Yemeni government;
 - b. Monitoring the progress of the infrastructural development in Yemen;
 - c. Making suggestions how best to protect the built infrastructure;
 - d. Therefore working closely with the Department for Peace Operations (DPO), gathering important security information;
2. *Recommends* the internationally recognized government of Yemen to establish a working group, addressing the immediate but sustainable reconstruction of the Yemeni infrastructure with special focus on basic urban services, clean water and sanitation, and medical facilities:
 - a. Consisting of representatives of the ministries of electricity, health, public works and infrastructures, agriculture and irrigation, and transport;
 - b. Suggesting and devising new projects to national and international partners;

- c. Providing a comprehensive strategy for the post-conflict development in Yemen;
 - d. Assigning projects a certain priority to effectively and successfully manage all given resources;
 - e. Working closely with the YEP by UNOPS, in the form of weekly virtual meetings and implement the strategies and best practices suggested by YEP;
 - f. Bearing in mind the importance of sustainability and longevity of the projects;
3. *Recommends* the installation of the Economic Future for Yemen Committee (EFFY), an economy-focused committee proposing short-term and long-term solutions, with monthly meetings held online:
 - a. Consisting of the Yemeni government, relevant Member States, parties to the conflict and supported by the GEE as a neutral observatory role;
 - b. Recommending action steps for the Yemeni government with close cooperation with the latter related to improving Yemen's economic stability by compiling monthly reviews on proposed economy-related action steps, analyzing both successful strategies and points for improvement;
 - c. Inviting Member states to inject foreign currency reserves into the Central Bank of Yemen as means to stabilize the fragile Yemeni economy by maintaining its liquidity and to minimize the current inflation;
 - d. Monitoring the process of reviewing and implementing proposed action steps and the foreign currency injection with the aid of the Yemen Emergency Crisis Response Project implemented by UNDP;
4. *Encourages* the establishment of novel and safe tactics of aid distribution under the responsibility of OCHA, including:
 - a. The utilization of delivery drones for aid delivery especially in those regions of Yemen where aid blockades have been installed;
 - b. Member States with expertise on the field of drones providing drones for the distribution programme and join further research and discussion on the matter of the utilization of delivery drones;
 - c. The financing and supervision of Member States' engagement on this matter organized by the OCHA to raise their number of delivery drones;
5. *Decides* to remain actively seized of the matter.